

MEMORANDUM

TO: Barbara Burgess
Andrew French, MD
Don Stadler, MD
Kevin McGarvey, MD
Carla Murphy, DO

FROM: Suzanne Hamilton

DATE: February 22, 2018

RE: Weekly Legislative Report

One new bill this week: HB 1245.

HOUSE BILLS

Bill: [HB18-1003](#)

Title: Opioid Misuse Prevention

Status: Introduced In House - Assigned to Public Health Care & Human Services (01/10/2018)

Senate Sponsors [K. Priola](#) (R)
[C. Jahn](#) (D)

House Sponsors [B. Pettersen](#) (D)

Official
Summary

Opioid and Other Substance Use Disorders Interim Study Committee. Section 1 of the bill establishes in statute the opioid and other substance use disorders study committee, consisting of 5 senators and 5 representatives from the general assembly, to:

- Study data and statistics on the scope of the substance use disorder problem in Colorado;
- Study current prevention, intervention, harm reduction, treatment, and recovery resources available to Coloradans, as well as public and private insurance coverage and other sources of support for treatment and recovery resources;
- Review the availability of medication-assisted treatment and the ability of pharmacists to prescribe those medications;
- Examine measures that other states and countries use to address substance use disorders;
- Identify the gaps in prevention, intervention, harm reduction, treatment, and recovery resources available to Coloradans and hurdles to accessing those resources; and
- Identify possible legislative options to address gaps and hurdles to accessing prevention, intervention, harm reduction, treatment, and recovery resources.

The committee is authorized to meet 6 times in a calendar year and

may report up to 6 legislative measures to the legislative council, which bills are exempt from bill limitations and introduction deadlines. The committee is repealed on July 1, 2020.

Section 2 specifies school-based health care centers may apply for grants from the school-based health center grant program to expand behavioral health services to include treatment for opioid and other substance use disorders.

Section 3 directs the department of health care policy and financing, starting July 1, 2018, to award grants to organizations to operate a substance abuse screening, brief intervention, and referral program.

Section 4 directs the center for research into substance use disorder prevention, treatment, and recovery to develop and implement continuing medical education activities to help prescribers of pain medication to safely and effectively manage patients with chronic pain, and when appropriate, prescribe opioids. Sections 2 through 4 also direct the general assembly to appropriate money to implement those sections.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1007](#)

Title: Substance Use Disorder Payment And Coverage

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Public Health Care & Human Services (01/10/2018)

Senate Sponsors [C. Jahn](#) (D)
[K. Lambert](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Singer](#) (D)
[C. Kennedy](#) (D)

Official
Summary

Opioid and Other Substance Use Disorders Interim Study

Committee. The bill requires all individual and group health benefit plans to provide coverage without prior authorization for a five-day supply of buprenorphine for a first request within a 12-month period. Additionally, all individual and group health benefit plans that cover physical therapy, acupuncture, or chiropractic services shall not subject those services to dollar limits, deductibles, copayments, or coinsurance provisions that are less favorable than those applicable to primary care services under the plan if the covered person has a diagnosis of chronic pain and has or has had a substance use disorder diagnosis.

The bill prohibits carriers from taking adverse action against a provider or from providing financial incentives or disincentives to a provider based solely on a patient satisfaction survey relating to the patient's satisfaction with pain treatment.

The bill clarifies that an urgent prior authorization request to a carrier includes a request for authorization of medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders.

The bill permits a pharmacist who has entered into a collaborative pharmacy practice agreement with one or more physicians to administer injectable medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders and receive an enhanced dispensing fee for the administration.

The bill prohibits carriers from requiring a covered person to undergo step therapy using a prescription drug or drugs that include an opioid before covering a non-opioid prescription drug recommended by the covered person's provider.

The bill requires the Colorado medical assistance program to authorize reimbursement for a ready-to-use version of intranasal naloxone hydrochloride without prior authorization.

The bill prohibits the requirement that a recipient of medical assistance undergo a step-therapy protocol using a prescription drug containing an opioid prior to authorizing reimbursement for a non-opioid prescription drug recommended by the person's health care provider.

The bill permits a pharmacist who has entered into a collaborative pharmacy practice agreement with one or more physicians to administer injectable medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders and receive an enhanced dispensing fee under the Colorado medical assistance program for the administration.

The bill requires the department of health care policy and financing and the office of behavioral health in the department of human services to establish rules that standardize utilization management authority timelines for the non-pharmaceutical components of medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1009](#)

Title: Diabetes Drug Pricing Transparency Act 2018

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (01/10/2018)

Senate Sponsors [K. Donovan](#) (D)

House Sponsors [D. Roberts](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill creates the Diabetes Drug Pricing Transparency Act of 2018. The state board of health is responsible for implementing the act. Drug manufacturers and pharmacy benefit managers must submit annual reports to the state board regarding drugs used to treat diabetes that are subject to price increases of certain percentages. The state board analyzes

the submitted information and publishes a report. The state board may impose penalties on drug manufacturers or pharmacy benefit managers who do not comply with reporting requirements. Nonprofit organizations advocating for patients with diabetes or funding diabetes medical research that receive contributions from certain diabetes drug manufacturers must annually report those contributions.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1015](#)

Title: Repeal Ammunition Magazine Prohibition

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to State, Veterans, & Military Affairs (01/10/2018)

Senate Sponsors [O. Hill](#) (R)

House Sponsors [S. Humphrey](#) (R)
[L. Saine](#) (R)

The bill repeals statutory provisions:

- Prohibiting the possession of certain ammunition magazines; and
- Requiring each of certain ammunition magazines that are manufactured in Colorado on or after July 1, 2013, to include a permanent stamp or marking indicating that the magazine was manufactured or assembled after July 1, 2013.

Official Summary

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1028](#)

Title: Attorney General Deceptive Practice Court Order

Status Introduced In Senate - Assigned to Judiciary (02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors [J. Tate](#) (R)
[L. Court](#) (D)

House Sponsors [T. Kraft-Tharp](#) (D)
[C. Wist](#) (R)

Under current law, if a person does not cooperate with an investigation by the attorney general or a district attorney regarding a potential deceptive trade practice, the attorney general or district attorney may seek a court order requiring compliance with the investigation. The application for a court order must state why the order is necessary to

Official Summary

terminate or prevent a deceptive trade practice.
The bill would allow a judge to issue a court order if compliance with an investigation is necessary to investigate a deceptive trade practice.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1032](#)

Title: Access Medical Records State Emergency Medical Services Patient Care Database

Status House Third Reading Passed - No Amendments (02/06/2018)

Senate Sponsors [R. Fields](#) (D)
[J. Tate](#) (R)

House Sponsors [C. Kennedy](#) (D)
[D. Thurlow](#) (R)

Official Summary The bill requires the department of public health and environment to provide individualized patient information from the department's EMS agency patient care database to health information organization networks for any use allowed under the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). By contract with health information organization networks, the department must control access to patient information and limit the use of patient information to only those purposes allowed under HIPAA.

Position Support

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1037](#)

Title: Concealed Handguns On School Grounds

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to State, Veterans, & Military Affairs (01/10/2018)

Senate Sponsors [T. Neville](#) (R)

House Sponsors [P. Neville](#) (R)

Official Summary With certain exceptions, current law limits the authority of a person who holds a valid permit to carry a concealed handgun by prohibiting a permit holder from carrying a concealed handgun on public elementary, middle, junior high, or high school grounds. The bill removes this limitation.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1059](#)

Title: Require 911 Call

Status House Committee on Judiciary Postpone Indefinitely (02/06/2018)

Senate Sponsors

House Sponsors [J. Wilson](#) (R)

Official Summary The bill establishes a crime if a person knows or should know that another person is in need of emergency assistance and fails to call 911 or use another means to summon assistance.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1064](#)

Title: Training Program Prevention Child Sexual Abuse

Status House Committee on Public Health Care & Human Services Refer Amended to Appropriations (01/30/2018)

Senate Sponsors

House Sponsors [D. Michaelson Jenet](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill directs the Colorado children's trust fund board to develop and administer a training program to prevent child sexual abuse (program) for early childhood providers and others who interact with young children.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1068](#)

Title: Eliminate Registered In Naturopathic Doctor Title

Status Introduced In Senate - Assigned to Business, Labor, & Technology (02/12/2018)

Senate Sponsors [D. Coram](#) (R)
[L. Crowder](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Ginal](#) (D)
[L. Landgraf](#) (R)

Official Summary Current law requires a naturopathic doctor to use the term registered in the doctor's title. The bill changes the titles that naturopathic doctors may use by eliminating the word registered.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1082](#)

Title: A Woman's Right To Accurate Health Care Information

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (01/17/2018)

Senate Sponsors [V. Marble](#) (R)

House Sponsors [L. Saine](#) (R)

Official Summary The bill ensures that women are fully and accurately informed about their personal medical conditions regarding their pregnancies and health care options. Current medical procedures already use ultrasound technology to provide information regarding the gestational age of a child in utero. The bill ensures that a woman has the opportunity to see or forego seeing her ultrasound. The bill gives the woman a choice between an abdominal or vaginal ultrasound. The bill allows a woman the opportunity to find a provider of ultrasound technology that will provide the service free of charge. The bill requires that a woman be given full and accurate information regarding her abortion. The bill describes the information that the physician performing the abortion provides to the woman and gives the woman an opportunity to sign or refuse to sign a receipt of information. The bill requires the abortion provider to provide certain information to the woman at least 24 hours prior to performing an abortion.

The bill creates a civil right of action for noncompliance with the requirements, making a physician's noncompliance with the requirements unprofessional conduct and making a violation of the requirements a crime.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1091](#)

Title: Dementia Diseases And Related Disabilities

Status House Committee on Health, Insurance, & Environment Refer Unamended to House Committee of the Whole (02/13/2018)

Senate Sponsors [J. Smallwood](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Ginal](#) (D)
[S. Beckman](#) (R)

Official Summary
The bill updates statutory references to Alzheimer's and other dementia diseases and reflects that dementia diseases have related disabilities impacting memory and other cognitive abilities. Missing persons with a dementia disease and related disability are added to the missing senior citizen and missing person with developmental disabilities alert program, and the program is renamed to reflect this change. The Alzheimer's disease treatment and research center within the university of Colorado school of medicine is renamed the dementia diseases and related disabilities treatment and research center.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1094](#)

Title: Children And Youth Mental Health Treatment Act

Status House Committee on Public Health Care & Human Services Refer Amended to Appropriations (02/13/2018)

Senate Sponsors [D. Moreno](#) (D)
[B. Martinez Humenik](#) (R)

House Sponsors [L. Herod](#) (D)
[C. Wist](#) (R)

Official Summary
The bill extends indefinitely the Child Mental Health Treatment Act and renames it the Children and Youth Mental Health Treatment Act (act). Significant changes to the act include:

- Continuing the ability of a parent or guardian of a non-Medicaid eligible child or youth to receive mental health services for the child or youth without unwarranted child welfare involvement;
- When evaluating a child or youth for eligibility for mental health treatment services (services), the evaluating mental health agency shall use a standardized risk stratification tool;
- Establishing a new definition of mental health agency to capture a larger set of behavioral health services providers;
- Reporting requirements for the department of health care policy and financing and mental health agencies that provide services for children and youth are updated and clarified;
- Requiring the department of human services to maintain and update a list of providers on its website, as well as post information from various reports required by the act, excluding any personal health information; and

- Revising the membership of the advisory board that assists and advises the executive director of the department of human services with the development of service standards and rules for the provision of services.

The bill makes conforming amendments.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1097](#)

Title: Patient Choice Of Pharmacy

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (01/18/2018)

Senate Sponsors [N. Todd](#) (D)
[D. Coram](#) (R)

House Sponsors [M. Catlin](#) (R)
[J. Danielson](#) (D)

The bill prohibits a carrier that offers or issues a health benefit plan that covers pharmaceutical services, including prescription drug coverage, or a pharmacy benefit management firm managing those benefits for a carrier, from:

- Limiting or restricting a covered person's ability to select a pharmacy or pharmacist of the covered person's choice if certain conditions are met;
- Imposing a copayment, fee, or other cost-sharing requirement for selecting a pharmacy of the covered person's choosing;
- Imposing other conditions on a covered person, pharmacist, or pharmacy that limit or restrict a covered person's ability to use a pharmacy of the covered person's choosing; or
- Denying a pharmacy or pharmacist the right to participate in any of its pharmacy network contracts in this state or as a contracting provider in this state if the pharmacy or pharmacist has a valid license in Colorado and the pharmacy or pharmacist agrees to specified conditions.

Official Summary

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1112](#)

Title: Pharmacist Health Care Services Coverage

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (01/19/2018)

Senate Sponsors [L. Crowder](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Becker](#) (R)
[D. Esgar](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill requires a health benefit plan to provide coverage for health care services provided by a pharmacist if:

- The services are provided within a health professional shortage area; and
- The health benefit plan provides coverage for the same services provided by a licensed physician or advanced practice nurse.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1114](#)

Title: Require License Practice Genetic Counseling

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (01/19/2018)

Senate Sponsors [N. Todd](#) (D)

House Sponsors [J. Buckner](#) (D)
[J. Ginal](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill enacts the Genetic Counselor Licensure Act. On and after June 1, 2019, a person cannot practice genetic counseling without being licensed by the director of the division of professions and occupations in the department of regulatory agencies. To be licensed, a person must have graduated with an appropriate genetic counseling degree and have been certified by a national body, except that the director:

- May issue a provisional license to a candidate for certification pursuant to requirements established by rule; and
- Shall license a genetic counselor who graduated from a Colorado genetic counseling training program, has at least 15 years of experience, and provides at least 3 letters of recommendation.

The bill gives title protection to genetic counselors and standard licensing, rule-making, and disciplinary powers to the director. Genetic counselors must have insurance unless the director, by rule, finds that insurance is not reasonably available. The bill repeals the act on September 1, 2022. Genetic counselors are subject to the mandatory disclosures of the Michael Skolnik Medical Transparency Act of 2010.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1118](#)

Title: Create Health Care Legislative Review Committee

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment
(01/19/2018)

Senate Sponsors [I. Aguilar](#) (D)
[L. Crowder](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Ginal](#) (D)
[S. Beckman](#) (R)

Official Summary The bill recreates the former health care task force, renamed as the health care legislative review committee, to study health care issues that affect Colorado residents throughout the state. The committee consists of the members of the house of representatives committees on health, insurance, and environment and on public health care and human services and the senate committee on health and human services. The committee is permitted to meet up to 6 times during the interim between legislative sessions, including 2 field trips, and as necessary when the general assembly is convened in a legislative session. The committee may recommend up to 5 bills per year, and bills recommended by the committee are exempt from bill limitations imposed under the joint rules of the general assembly.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1120](#)

Title: The Prohibition Of Dismemberment Abortions

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to State, Veterans, & Military Affairs
(01/19/2018)

Senate Sponsors [T. Neville](#) (R)
[V. Marble](#) (R)

House Sponsors [P. Neville](#) (R)

Official Summary The bill prohibits dismemberment abortions.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1121](#)

Title: No Funding Trafficking Aborted Human Body Parts

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to State, Veterans, & Military Affairs (01/19/2018)

Senate Sponsors [T. Neville](#) (R)
[V. Marble](#) (R)

House Sponsors [T. Leonard](#) (R)

Official Summary Each higher education institution that receives funding from the state must file a verified report each December 1 with the joint budget committee stating whether or not the institution engaged, directly or indirectly, in the harvesting, trafficking, purchasing, or selling of aborted human body parts in the previous year. If a higher education institution files a report affirming that the institution engaged, directly or indirectly, in the harvesting, trafficking, purchasing, or selling of aborted human body parts, the general assembly shall not appropriate any state funding to that institution in the next fiscal year.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1128](#)

Title: Protections For Consumer Data Privacy

Status House Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Refer Amended to Appropriations (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [L. Court](#) (D)
[K. Lambert](#) (R)

House Sponsors [C. Wist](#) (R)
[J. Bridges](#) (D)

Official Summary Except for conduct in compliance with applicable federal, state, or local law, the bill requires public and private entities in Colorado that maintain paper or electronic documents (documents) that contain personal identifying information (personal information) to develop and maintain a written policy for the destruction and proper disposal of those documents. Entities that maintain, own, or license personal information, including those that use a nonaffiliated third party as a service provider, shall implement and maintain reasonable security procedures for the personal information. The notification laws governing disclosure of unauthorized acquisitions of unencrypted and encrypted computerized data are expanded to specify who must be notified following such unauthorized acquisition and what must be included in such notification.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1136](#)

Title: Substance Use Disorder Treatment

Status: Introduced In House - Assigned to Public Health Care & Human Services (01/23/2018)

Senate Sponsors: [C. Jahn](#) (D)
[K. Priola](#) (R)

House Sponsors: [B. Pettersen](#) (D)

Official Summary: **Opioid and Other Substance Use Disorders Interim Study Committee.** The bill adds residential and inpatient substance use disorder services to the Colorado medical assistance program. The benefit is limited to persons who meet nationally recognized, evidence-based level of care criteria for residential and inpatient substance use disorder treatment. The benefit will not be effective until the department of health care policy and financing seeks and receives any federal authorization necessary to secure federal financial participation in the program. If an enhanced residential and inpatient substance use disorder treatment benefit becomes available, managed care organizations shall reprioritize the use of money allocated from the marijuana tax cash fund to assist in providing treatment, including residential treatment, to persons who are not otherwise covered by public or private insurance.

Position: Monitor

Comment:

Bill: [HB18-1148](#)

Title: Stage Four Advanced Metastatic Cancer Step Therapy

Status: Introduced In House - Assigned to Public Health Care & Human Services (01/31/2018)

Senate Sponsors: [L. Crowder](#) (R)

House Sponsors: [D. Michaelson Jenet](#) (D)

Official Summary: The bill prohibits a carrier that issues a health benefit plan that covers treatment for stage four advanced metastatic cancer from requiring a cancer patient to undergo step therapy prior to receiving a drug approved by the United States food and drug administration if use of the approved drug is consistent with best practices for treatment of the cancer.

Position: Monitor

Comment:

Bill: [HB18-1155](#)

Title: Sunset Continue Physical Therapy Board Functions
Status: House Committee on Public Health Care & Human Services Refer Amended to Finance (02/13/2018)
Senate Sponsors: [B. Martinez Humenik](#) (R)
House Sponsors: [L. Liston](#) (R)
[J. Singer](#) (D)

Sunset Process - House Public Health Care and Human Services Committee. The bill implements the recommendations of the department of regulatory agencies in its sunset review and report concerning the Physical Therapy Practice Act as follows:

- Extends the licensing of physical therapists and the certification of physical therapist assistants until 2027 (**sections 1 through 3**);
- Clarifies that a physical therapist may make physical therapy diagnoses (**sections 5 and 7**);
- Clarifies that a physical therapist's scope of practice includes the direct supervision of unlicensed physical therapists (**section 8**); and
- Adds as grounds for disciplinary action the failure to supervise physical therapist assistants; and the failure to report an adverse action, the surrender of a license, or other discipline taken in another jurisdiction (**section 10**).

In addition, the bill:

- Allows a physical therapist assistant to perform noninvasive wound debridement under the supervision of a physical therapist (**sections 11 and 13**);
- Repeals some of elements of the continuing professional competency program for physical therapists (**section 9**) and subjects physical therapist assistants to a continuing professional competency program (**section 12**);
- Replaces a physical therapist member of the physical therapy board with a physical therapist assistant member (**section 6**); and
- Removes physical therapists practicing in Colorado pursuant to the Interstate Physical Therapy Licensure Compact Act from the Michael Skolnik Medical Transparency Act of 2010 (**section 14**).

Official Summary

Position: Monitor
Comment:

Bill: [HB18-1177](#)

Title: Youth Suicide Prevention

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Public Health Care & Human Services (02/02/2018)

Senate Sponsors [D. Coram](#) (R)
[S. Fenberg](#) (D)

House Sponsors [D. Michaelson Jenet](#) (D)

The bill requires the office of suicide prevention (office) in the department of public health and environment (department) to work with appropriate entities to develop and implement a plan to provide access to training programs related to youth suicide prevention for people who regularly interact with youth but who are not in a profession that typically provides such training opportunities, such as camp counselors, recreation center employees, youth group leaders, clergy, and parents. The office is required to approve at least 3 nonprofit organizations statewide to participate in a coordinated program of youth suicide prevention training.

Classes and programs offered by the approved nonprofit organizations must be free to the public, and the department shall reimburse the approved nonprofit organization for any direct or indirect costs associated with such classes and programs.

Official Summary The bill further directs the department to coordinate efforts to create and implement a statewide awareness campaign about suicide and youth suicide prevention, as well as awareness of the suicide prevention hotline. The awareness campaign may include, but is not limited to, the use of written, electronic, radio, and television media.

The age of consent for a minor to seek and obtain outpatient psychotherapy services is lowered from 15 years of age or older to 12 years of age and older. The licensed mental health provider is immune from civil or criminal liability for providing outpatient psychotherapy services unless he or she acts negligently or outside the scope of his or her practice.

The bill clarifies that the age of consent for a minor seeking inpatient psychotherapy or other inpatient mental health services without the consent of a parent or legal guardian remains 15 years of age or older.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1179](#)

Title: Prohibit Price Gouging On Prescription Drugs

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (02/02/2018)

Senate Sponsors

House Sponsors [J. Salazar](#) (D)

The bill:

- Prohibits a pharmaceutical manufacturer or wholesaler from price gouging on sales of essential off-patent or generic drugs;
- Makes the practice of price gouging a deceptive trade practice under the Colorado Consumer Protection Act; and
- Requires the state board of pharmacy and the executive director of the department of health care policy and financing to report suspected price gouging to the attorney general. The attorney general is authorized to seek subpoenas and file lawsuits with the appropriate district courts.

Official
Summary

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1180](#)

Title: Mental Health Professional Dismissed Complaint Colorado Open Records Act Access

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Public Health Care & Human Services (02/02/2018)

Senate Sponsors

House Sponsors [J. Melton](#) (D)

Under current law, when a complaint against a mental health professional is dismissed, information contained in the files of a mental health professional regulatory board is exempt from disclosure under the open records law. The bill allows a mental health professional who is a respondent to a dismissed complaint to access the information contained in the division of professions and occupations and applicable regulatory boards' files. The names of the respondent's clients and other recipients of services cannot be redacted from the information provided to the respondent.

Official
Summary

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1182](#)

Title: Statewide System For Advance Directives

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (02/02/2018)

Senate Sponsors [L. Court](#) (D)
[D. Coram](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Ginal](#) (D)
[L. Landgraf](#) (R)

Not more than 30 days after receiving at least \$750,000 in gifts, grants, and donations for the purpose of creating and administering a statewide electronic system (system) that allows medical professionals and individuals to upload and access advance directives, the department of public health and environment shall create such a system. Advance directive means:

Official
Summary

- A declaration as to medical treatment;
- A medical durable power of attorney;
- A directive relating to cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
- A medical orders for scope of treatment form;
- A designated beneficiary agreement; or
- Any legal form of these types that has been properly executed in another state in accordance with the laws of that state.

The department shall contract with one or more health information organization networks for the administration and maintenance of the system during the next year. On or before November 1, 2018, the department shall promulgate rules to administer the system. The system is repealed, effective September 1, 2028. Prior to such repeal, the department of regulatory agencies shall perform a sunset review of the system.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1200](#)

Title: Cybercrime Changes

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Judiciary (02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors [R. Fields](#) (D)
[D. Coram](#) (R)

House Sponsors [A. Garnett](#) (D)
[P. Lundeen](#) (R)

Official
Summary

The bill changes the name of the crime computer crime to cybercrime. The bill makes changes to the way current cybercrimes may be committed. The bill makes soliciting, arranging, or offering to arrange a situation in which a minor may engage in prostitution, by means of using a computer, computer network, computer system, or any part thereof, a cybercrime. The bill makes stealing the information from a credit card magnetic strip or placing different information on a credit

card magnetic strip without permission and with the intent to defraud a cybercrime. The bill makes changes to the penalty structure for cybercrime.

The bill makes conforming amendments.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1202](#)

Title: Income Tax Credit Leave Of Absence Organ Donation

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Finance + Appropriations
(02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors [R. Gardner](#) (R)

House Sponsors [A. Garnett](#) (D)

Official
Summary

Beginning January 1, 2018, an employer is allowed an income tax credit that is an amount equal to 35% of the employer's expenses incurred:

- Paying an employee during his or her leave of absence period, which is paid leave given to an employee for the purpose of making an organ donation, but which does not exceeding 10 working days or the hourly equivalent thereof; and

- For the cost of temporary replacement help, if any, during an employee's leave of absence period.

An employer shall not claim a tax credit related to a leave of absence period for an employee who the employer pays wages of \$80,000 or more during the income tax year. The tax credit is not refundable, but unused credits may be carried forward up to 5 years.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1207](#)

Title: Hospital Financial Transparency Measures

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment
(02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors [D. Moreno](#) (D)
[J. Smallwood](#) (R)

House Sponsors [B. Rankin](#) (R)
[C. Kennedy](#) (D)

Official
Summary

The bill requires the department of health care policy and financing (department), in consultation with the Colorado healthcare

affordability and sustainability enterprise board, to develop and prepare an annual report detailing uncompensated hospital costs and the different categories of expenditures made by general hospitals in the state (hospital expenditure report). In compiling the hospital expenditure report, the department shall use publicly available data sources whenever possible.

Each general hospital in the state is required to make available to the department certain information, including:

- Hospital cost reports submitted to the federal centers for Medicare and Medicaid services;
- Annual audited financial statements; except that, if a hospital is part of a consolidated or combined group, the hospital may submit a consolidated or combined financial statement if the group's statement separately identifies the information for each of the group's licensed hospitals;
- Utilization and staffing information and standard units of measure; and
- Information accessed through a secure, online data collection and reporting system that provides a central location for the collection and analysis of hospital utilization and financial data.

The hospital expenditure report must include, but not be limited to:

- A description of the methods of analysis and definitions of report components by payer group;
- Uncompensated care costs by payer group; and
- The percentage that different categories of expenses contribute to overall expenses of hospitals.

The department is required to submit the hospital expenditure report to the governor, specified committees of the general assembly, and the medical services board in the department. The department is also directed to post the hospital expenditure report on the department's website.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1211](#)

Title: Medicaid Fraud Control Unit

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Judiciary (02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors [I. Aguilar](#) (D)
[J. Smallwood](#) (R)

House Sponsors [C. Wist](#) (R)
[M. Foote](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill establishes the Medicaid fraud control unit (unit) in the department of law. The unit is responsible for investigation and prosecution of Medicaid fraud and waste, as well as patient abuse, neglect, and exploitation. The department of health care policy and financing is authorized to require Medicaid providers to include information about reporting Medicaid fraud to the unit in any explanation of benefits provided to a Medicaid beneficiary. The bill creates offenses related to making false statements on applications, Medicaid fraud, and credit and recovery of Medicaid payments. The bill makes it unlawful to receive certain kickbacks, bribes, and rebates related to the administration of a Medicaid service. Actions brought under the provisions of the bill must commence within 3 years after the discovery of the offense.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1212](#)

Title: Freestanding Emergency Departments Licensure

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors

House Sponsors [L. Landgraf](#) (R)
[C. Kennedy](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill creates a new license, referred to as a freestanding emergency department license, for the department of public health and environment (CDPHE) to issue on or after July 1, 2021, to a health facility that offers emergency care, that may offer primary and urgent care services, and that is either:

- Owned or operated by, or affiliated with, a hospital or hospital system and is located more than 250 yards from the main campus of the hospital; or
- Independent from and not operated by or affiliated with a hospital or hospital system and is not attached to or situated within 250 yards of, or contained within, a hospital.

The state board of health is to adopt rules regarding the new license, including rules to set licensure requirements and fees, safety and care standards, and staffing requirements.

A health facility with a freestanding emergency department license is limited in the amount of facility fees the facility can charge patients. CDPHE may fine or take action on the license of a freestanding emergency department that charges facility fees in violation of the limits established in the bill.

Position Monitor
Comment

Bill: [HB18-1223](#)

Title: Declare Autism Epidemic In Colorado

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment
(02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors

House Sponsors [S. Lebsock](#) (D)

Official
Summary

The bill directs the executive director of the department of public health and environment (director) to convene the governor's expert emergency epidemic response committee (committee) for the purpose of determining whether there is an autism epidemic in Colorado. The committee shall review autism data from 1990 to 2017 from every Colorado county and across all age groups. If the committee determines there is an autism epidemic, the director shall advise the governor to declare that an autism epidemic exists in Colorado; that reasonable and appropriate measures be taken to address the autism epidemic and protect the public health; that departments with publicly funded safety net programs update their plans to include the autism epidemic; and the percentage at which the state will contribute money to the autism epidemic. The committee shall prepare a report documenting its reasons for determining whether an autism epidemic exists and provide a copy of the report to the governor, the director, and each member of the general assembly.

Position Monitor
Comment

Bill: [HB18-1225](#)

Title: Protect Human Life At Conception

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment
(02/05/2018)

Senate Sponsors [K. Lundberg](#) (R)

House Sponsors [S. Humphrey](#) (R)

Official
Summary

The bill prohibits terminating the life of an unborn child and makes a violation a class 1 felony. The following are exceptions to the prohibition:

- A licensed physician performs a medical procedure designed or intended to prevent the death of a pregnant mother, if the physician makes reasonable medical efforts

under the circumstances to preserve both the life of the mother and the life of her unborn child in a manner consistent with conventional medical practice; and

- A licensed physician provides medical treatment, including chemotherapy and the removal of an ectopic pregnancy, to the mother that results in the accidental or unintentional injury to or death of the unborn child.

The pregnant mother upon whom termination of the life of an unborn child is performed or attempted is not subject to a criminal penalty. The sale and use of contraception is not prohibited by the bill. A conviction related to the prohibition of the termination of the life of an unborn child constitutes unprofessional conduct for purposes of physician licensing.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [HB18-1245](#)

Title: Prohibit Conversion Therapy Mental Health Provider

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Public Health Care & Human Services (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [L. Guzman](#) (D)
[S. Fenberg](#) (D)

House Sponsors [P. Rosenthal](#) (D)
[D. Michaelson Jenet](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill prohibits a licensed physician specializing in psychiatry or a licensed, certified, or registered mental health care provider from engaging in conversion therapy with a patient under 18 years of age. A licensee who engages in these efforts is subject to disciplinary action by the appropriate licensing board. Conversion therapy means efforts that seek to change an individual's sexual orientation, including efforts to change behaviors or gender expressions or to eliminate or reduce sexual or romantic attraction or feelings toward individuals of the same sex.

Position Monitor

Comment

SENATE BILLS

Bill: [SB18-022](#)

Title: Clinical Practice For Opioid Prescribing

Status Senate Second Reading Laid Over to 02/16/2018 - No Amendments (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [I. Aguilar](#) (D)
[J. Tate](#) (R)

House Sponsors [B. Pettersen](#) (D)
[C. Kennedy](#) (D)

Opioid and Other Substance Use Disorders Interim Study

Committee. The bill restricts the number of opioid pills that a health care practitioner, including physicians, physician assistants, advanced practice nurses, dentists, optometrists, podiatrists, and veterinarians, may prescribe for an initial prescription to a 7-day supply and one refill for a 7-day supply, with certain exceptions. The bill clarifies that a health care practitioner may electronically prescribe opioids.

Official
Summary

Current law allows health care practitioners and other individuals to query the prescription drug monitoring program (program). The bill requires health care practitioners to query the program before prescribing the first refill prescription for an opioid except under specified circumstances, and requires the practitioner to indicate his or her specialty or practice area upon the initial query.

The bill requires the department of public health and environment to report to the general assembly its results from studies regarding the prescription drug monitoring program integration methods and health care provider report cards.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-023](#)

Title: Promote Off-label Use Pharmaceutical Products

Status Senate Committee on Health & Human Services Postpone Indefinitely (02/15/2018)

Senate Sponsors [B. Martinez Humenik](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Ginal](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill allows a pharmaceutical manufacturer or its representative to promote the off-label use of a prescription drug, biological product, or device approved by the United States food and drug administration.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-024](#)

Title: Expand Access Behavioral Health Care Providers

Status Senate Committee on Health & Human Services Refer Amended to Appropriations (01/25/2018)

Senate Sponsors [J. Tate](#) (R)
[C. Jahn](#) (D)

House Sponsors [J. Singer](#) (D)

Opioid and Other Substance Use Disorders Interim Study

Committee. The bill modifies the Colorado health service corps program administered by the primary care office in the department of public health and environment as follows:

- For purposes of determining areas in the state in which there is a shortage of health care professionals and behavioral health care providers to meet the needs of the community, allows the primary care office, under guidance adopted by the state board of health, to develop and administer state health professional shortage areas using state-specific methodologies;

- Allows behavioral health care providers, which include licensed and certified addiction counselors, licensed professional counselors, licensed clinical social workers, licensed marriage and family therapists, clinical psychologists, advanced practice nurses, and physicians certified or trained in addiction medicine, pain management, or psychiatry, and candidates for licensure as an addiction counselor, professional counselor, clinical social worker, marriage and family therapist, or psychologist, to participate in the loan repayment program on the condition of committing to provide behavioral health care services in health professional shortage areas for a specified period;

- Directs the advisory council to prioritize loan repayment and scholarships for those behavioral health care providers, candidates for licensure, or addiction counselors who provide behavioral health care services in nonprofit or public employer settings but permits consideration of applicants practicing in a private setting that serves underserved populations;

- Establishes a scholarship program to help defray the education and training costs associated with obtaining certification as an addiction counselor or with progressing to a higher level of certification;

- Adds 2 members to the advisory council that reviews program applications, which members include a representative of an organization representing substance use disorder treatment providers and a licensed or certified addiction counselor who has experience in rural health,

Official
Summary

safety net clinics, or health equity;

- Modifies program reporting requirements and requires annual reporting that coincides with required SMART Act reporting by the department; and
- Requires the general assembly to annually appropriate \$2.5 million from the marijuana tax cash fund to the primary care office to provide loan repayment for behavioral health care providers and candidates for licensure participating in the Colorado health service corps and to award scholarships to addiction counselors participating in the scholarship program.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-040](#)

Title: Substance Use Disorder Harm Reduction

Status Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [C. Jahn](#) (D)
[K. Lambert](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Singer](#) (D)

Opioid and Other Substance Use Disorders Interim Study Committee. The bill:

- Specifies that hospitals may be used as clean syringe exchange sites (**section 1**);
- Provides civil immunity for participants of a clean syringe exchange program (**section 1**);
- Creates a supervised injection facility pilot program in the city and county of Denver and provides civil and criminal immunity for the approved supervised injection facility (**sections 2 through 4**);
- Allows school districts and nonpublic schools to develop a policy by which schools are allowed to obtain a supply of opiate antagonists and school employees are trained to administer opiate antagonists to individuals at risk of experiencing a drug overdose (**sections 5 through 11**); and
- Requires the commission on criminal and juvenile justice to study certain topics related to sentencing for opioid-related offenses (**section 12**).

Official Summary

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-049](#)

Title: Use Of Mobile Electronic Devices While Driving
Status: Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (01/24/2018)
Senate Sponsors: [L. Court](#) (D)
House Sponsors: [J. Melton](#) (D)

Official Summary: Current law prohibits the use of wireless telephones while driving for individuals who are younger than 18 years of age. The bill:

- Extends the prohibition to drivers of all ages;
- Increases the penalty for minor drivers from \$50 per violation to \$300 per violation, to match the penalty that currently applies to adult drivers;
- Extends the existing prohibition of the use of wireless telephones to include all mobile electronic devices;
- Creates an exception to the prohibition of the use of mobile electronic devices for adult drivers who use a mobile electronic device through the use of a hands-free device; and
- Repeals a sentence enhancement for a violation that causes a bodily injury or death.

Position: Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-050](#)

Title: Free-standing Emergency Facility As Safe Haven
Status: Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (01/26/2018)
Senate Sponsors: [J. Smallwood](#) (R)
House Sponsors: [J. Coleman](#) (D)
[M. Catlin](#) (R)

Official Summary: The bill expands Colorado's safe haven laws to include staff members of free-standing emergency facilities as persons allowed to take temporary physical custody of infants 72 hours old or younger when the infant is voluntarily surrendered by its parent or parents.

Position: Support

Comment

Bill: [SB18-058](#)

Title: Failure Report Child Abuse Statute Of Limitations
Status: Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (02/14/2018)
Senate Sponsors: [R. Fields](#) (D)
House Sponsors: [T. Carver](#) (R)
Official Summary: The bill makes failure to report child abuse or neglect one of the crimes in which the statute of limitations begins to run upon discovery of the criminal act or the delinquent act.
Position: Monitor
Comment:

Bill: [SB18-074](#)

Title: Designate Prader-Willi Syndrome Developmental Disability
Status: Senate Committee on Health & Human Services Refer Amended to Appropriations (02/15/2018)
Senate Sponsors: [N. Todd](#) (D)
House Sponsors: [C. Hansen](#) (D)
Official Summary: Current law does not guarantee that an individual who has the genetic condition known as Prader-Willi syndrome will receive crucial services and supports that are available for persons with intellectual and developmental disabilities. The bill adds Prader-Willi syndrome to the list of persons who have mandatory eligibility for services and supports and also to the definition of an intellectual and developmental disability for the purpose of receiving services and supports.
Position: Monitor
Comment:

Bill: [SB18-080](#)

Title: Wholesale Canadian Drug Importation Program
Status: Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (02/05/2018)
Senate Sponsors: [I. Aguilar](#) (D)
House Sponsors: [S. Lontine](#) (D)
Official Summary: The bill creates the Colorado Wholesale Importation of Prescription Drugs Act, under which the department of health care policy and financing (department) must design a program to import prescription pharmaceuticals from Canada for sale to Colorado

consumers. The program design must ensure both drug safety and cost savings for Colorado consumers. The department must submit the

program design to the secretary of the United States department of health and human services and request the secretary's approval of the program as meeting the requirements of federal law to import Canadian pharmaceutical products.

If the secretary approves the program, the department must implement the program. The department must adopt a funding mechanism to cover the program's administrative costs, and the department must annually report on the program to the general assembly.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-081](#)

Title: Emergency Medical Service Providers Licensing

Status Senate Committee on Business, Labor, & Technology Postpone Indefinitely (01/24/2018)

Senate Sponsors [L. Garcia](#) (D)

House Sponsors

Currently, regulation of an emergency medical service provider, including a paramedic, is referred to as certification. **Section 1** of the bill changes certification references to licensure.

Official Summary **Section 2** requires an emergency medical service provider applying for a new license or renewing, reinstating, or reactivating a license to comply with the Michael Skolnik Medical Transparency Act of 2010.

Sections 3 to 29 make conforming amendments.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-082](#)

Title: Physician Noncompete Exemption For Rare Disorder

Status Introduced In House - Assigned to Health, Insurance, & Environment (02/13/2018)

Senate Sponsors [R. Zenzinger](#) (D)

House Sponsors [C. Kennedy](#) (D)

Official Summary An agreement among physicians may contain a covenant not to compete, under which a physician who leaves the group practice may be compelled to pay damages if he or she solicits patients who are former or

prospective patients of the group practice. The bill makes an exception in the case of patients with a rare disorder, as determined in accordance with nationally recognized criteria, who would otherwise not have ready access to a physician with the necessary expertise to treat the disorder.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-097](#)

Title: Concealed Handgun Carry With No Permit

Status Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Refer Unamended to Appropriations (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [T. Neville](#) (R)

House Sponsors [K. Van Winkle](#) (R)

Official Summary

The bill allows a person who legally possesses a handgun under state and federal law to carry a concealed handgun in Colorado. A person who carries a concealed handgun under the authority created in the bill has the same carrying rights and is subject to the same limitations that apply to a person who holds a permit to carry a concealed handgun under current law, including the prohibition on the carrying of a concealed handgun on the grounds of a public elementary, middle, junior high, or high school.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-112](#)

Title: Veterans Outdoor Terrain Restoration Grant Prog

Status Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Refer Amended to Appropriations (02/12/2018)

Senate Sponsors [L. Crowder](#) (R)
[C. Jahn](#) (D)

House Sponsors [P. Lawrence](#) (R)

Official Summary

The bill creates the veterans outdoor terrain restoration and recreation mental health grant program (program) in the division of veterans affairs within the state department of military and veterans affairs (division) to provide money to nonprofit and for-profit organizations that provide outdoor restoration and recreation activities for veterans. On or before January 1, 2019, the adjutant general, in consultation with the board of veterans affairs, shall adopt rules for the administration of the program, including a requirement that organizations receiving money from the program carry insurance.

The veterans outdoor terrain restoration and recreation mental health grant program cash fund is created and consists of any money received by the division as gifts, grants, or donations and such money as is appropriated to the fund by the general assembly.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-113](#)

Title: Circle Substance Use Disorder Treatment Prog

Status Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (02/07/2018)

Senate Sponsors [L. Garcia](#) (D)

House Sponsors [D. Esgar](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill formally establishes in statute the circle program, a 90-day inpatient treatment program for persons with co-occurring mental health and substance use disorders.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-115](#)

Title: Apply Stark Laws To Medical Referrals Outside Medicaid

Status Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [I. Aguilar](#) (D)

House Sponsors [B. Pettersen](#) (D)

Official Summary Current law prohibits a health care provider who receives reimbursement through the state's medical assistance program (Medicaid) from making referrals for medical services to an entity owned or controlled by the provider or an immediate family member of the provider. The bill extends this prohibition to include all health care providers, not only those who receive reimbursement through Medicaid. **Sections 2 and 3** of the bill make the prohibited referrals a deceptive trade practice under the Colorado Consumer Protection Act, entitling any person harmed by the violator's conduct to damages, including treble damages in a case involving bad-faith conduct. In addition to these private remedies, the Colorado attorney general is authorized to seek injunctions and civil penalties, require reimbursement of charges collected, and refer violators for investigation of insurance fraud.

Section 4 allows insurers to withhold payment of questionable charges pending investigation pursuant to the prompt payment statute.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-130](#)

Title: Repeal Carrier Reporting Requirements To Division Of Insurance

Status Senate Committee on Health & Human Services Refer Unamended to Senate Committee of the Whole (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [J. Smallwood](#) (R)

House Sponsors

Official Summary Current law requires health insurance carriers to report to the division of insurance a list of average reimbursement rates for the average inpatient day or the average reimbursement rate for the 25 most common inpatient procedures. The bill repeals this requirement.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-132](#)

Title: 1332 State Waiver Catastrophic Health Plans

Status Introduced In Senate - Assigned to Health & Human Services (01/29/2018)

Senate Sponsors [J. Smallwood](#) (R)

House Sponsors [C. Kennedy](#) (D)

Official Summary The bill requires the commissioner of insurance to apply to the secretary of the United States department of health and human services for a 5-year waiver of the federal law restricting catastrophic health plans offered through the Colorado health benefit exchange. The waiver, if approved, would permit the offering of catastrophic health plans to any individual residing in Colorado rather than only individuals under the age of 30 or meeting a hardship requirement. If the waiver is denied, the statutory section is repealed.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-146](#)

Title: Freestanding Emergency Departments Required Consumer Notices

Status Senate Committee on Health & Human Services Refer Amended to Finance (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [J. Kefalas](#) (D)
[J. Smallwood](#) (R)

House Sponsors [J. Singer](#) (D)
[L. Sias](#) (R)

The bill requires a freestanding emergency department (FSED), whether operated by a hospital at a separate, off-campus location or operating independently of a hospital system, to provide any individual that enters the FSED seeking treatment a written statement of patient's rights, which an FSED staff member or health care provider must explain orally and which must indicate that:

- The FSED will screen and treat the individual regardless of ability to pay;
- The individual has a right to ask questions about treatment options and costs and to receive prompt and reasonable responses;
- The individual has a right to reject treatment;
- The FSED encourages the individual to defer questions until after being screened for an emergency medical condition; and
- The facility is an emergency medical facility that treats emergency medical conditions, and, for FSEDs that do not include an urgent care clinic on site, that the facility is not an urgent care center or primary care provider.

Official Summary

Additionally, a FSED must post a sign specifying:

- Whether the facility accepts patients enrolled in Medicaid, Medicare, the children's basic health plan, or TRICARE;
- The particular health insurance plans in which the FSED is a participating provider or that the FSED is not a participating provider in any plan networks; and
- The price listed on the FSED's charge master or other fee schedule for the 25 most common health care services it provides.

After conducting an initial screening and determining that a patient does not have an emergency medical condition, the FSED must provide the patient a written disclosure that includes the information posted on the sign, as well as the following:

- The price listed on the FSED's charge master or other fee schedule for the facility fees associated with the 25 most common health care services the FSED provides;
- A statement specifying that the price listed on the charge master or fee schedule for any given health care service is the maximum charge that any patient will be billed and that the actual charge for a health care service

may be lower based on health insurance benefits and the availability of discounts and financial assistance;

- A statement urging a person covered by health insurance to contact his or her health insurer for information about his or her financial responsibility and a person who is uninsured to contact the FSED's financial services office to discuss payment options and the availability of financial assistance prior to receiving nonemergency health care services;
- Information about the facility fees that the FSED charges; and
- The FSED's website address where the disclosure may be located.

The FSED must also post the information in the written disclosure on its website and update the written and web-based disclosure at least once every 6 months. Additionally, the FSED must provide all information in a clear and understandable manner and in languages appropriate to the communities and patients it serves.

The state board of health is authorized to adopt rules to implement and enforce the requirements of the bill.

Position Oppose

Comment

Bill: [SB18-149](#)

Title: Records Of Denver Health And Hospital Authority

Status: Senate Committee on Health & Human Services Refer Unamended - Consent Calendar to Senate Committee of the Whole (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors [R. Gardner](#) (R)

House Sponsors [L. Herod](#) (D)
[M. Gray](#) (D)

Official Summary: Currently, all records of the Denver health and hospital authority (authority) are subject to the open records law. The bill specifies that certain reports, statements, agreements, bonds, guidelines, manuals, handbooks, and accounts of the authority are public records. The bill also specifies that the content of an electronic medical record system and individual medical records or medical information are not public records, and that certain writings and other records concerning the modification, initiation, or cessation of patient care and authority health care programs or initiatives are not public records under certain circumstances.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-153](#)

Title: Behavioral Health Care Related To Suicide Ideation

Status: Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors: [J. Kefalas](#) (D)

House Sponsors:

The department is required to study and address gaps in suicide prevention issues and to collaborate with other offices and the community to evaluate best practices for suicide prevention and intervention and opioid abuse issues. The department is required to report findings to the general assembly.

Official Summary: The bill requires the department of public health and environment (department) to work with Colorado hospitals to evaluate the Colorado suicide prevention plan. The department is also required to develop a health authorization release form to improve communication between behavioral health professionals regarding the person giving consent. A health care facility is required to have a plan for individuals transitioning from inpatient to outpatient care.

Position: Monitor

Comment:

Bill: [SB18-155](#)

Title: Hospital Community Benefits Reporting Requirements

Status: Senate Committee on State, Veterans, & Military Affairs Postpone Indefinitely (02/14/2018)

Senate Sponsors: [I. Aguilar](#) (D)

House Sponsors: [B. Pettersen](#) (D)

The bill requires hospitals, other than critical access hospitals, that are exempt from state or local taxes to report information about the tax benefits they receive and the community benefits they provide. The bill creates a hospital community benefits advisory council within the department of health care policy and financing to accept and analyze hospital reports. The executive director of the department is required to adopt rules, in consultation with the advisory council, specifying when hospitals are to submit the reports, the form and manner of reporting the required data, the categories of community benefits they provide and the services that constitute a community benefit, and related matters.

Official Summary:

Upon analyzing hospital data, the advisory council is to:

- Make recommendations to the executive director regarding any modifications needed to the hospital reporting requirements as specified in rules; and

- Provide annual reports to specified legislative committees regarding the hospital data and any legislative recommendations.

The advisory council and hospital reporting requirements are subject to sunset review in 2021, with repeal of the advisory council and hospital reporting requirements scheduled for September 1, 2022.

Position Monitor

Comment

Bill: [SB18-161](#)

Title: Repeal Behavioral Health Transformation Council

Status Senate Committee on Health & Human Services Refer Unamended - Consent Calendar to Senate Committee of the Whole (02/15/2018)

Senate Sponsors [J. Smallwood](#) (R)

House Sponsors [T. Kraft-Tharp](#) (D)
[L. Landgraf](#) (R)

Official Summary The bill repeals the behavioral health transformation council (council). **Section 1** of the bill repeals the council, and **section 2** repeals the automatic termination date of the council pursuant to the sunset law. **Sections 3 to 6** make conforming amendments.

Position Monitor

Comment